

THE METALS.
Silver, 65¢ per ounce.
Copper, 12¢ per pound; New
York, \$12.65 to \$12.75 per 100
pounds.
Lead, \$2.50 per 100 pounds; New
York, \$4.25.

ESTABLISHED JUNE 6, 1870.

CAME INTO TOWN TO GET SHAVED

Convict Woods Took Chances
and Lost His Liberty.

ROPE WAITING AT FOLSOM

MURPHY TALKED OF THE TRIP
THROUGH NEVADA.

RENO, Nev., Aug. 24.—J. W. Woods, one of the escaped convicts from Folsom on July 27, was arrested this morning by Constable Wilson and Officer Leeper while being shaved in a barber shop.

Constable Wilson was standing on Second street at 11 o'clock this morning when he noticed a man answering the description of Woods come into a corner barber shop, sit down and enter the barber shop. Wilson crossed the street and started to enter the shop, but seeing an ugly looking revolver in the man's belt, he stopped and called the officers entered the shop, covered Woods with revolvers and put the handcuffs on him while he sat in the chair. Woods offered no resistance and the officers and very determined looking men with a nerve equal to his own. After the handcuffs were adjusted the shave was completed and Woods was taken to the jail and turned over to Sheriff Hayes, who gave a receipt for him.

Prisoner Talked Freely.

Woods talked freely on the way to jail. He said:

"I knew you were an officer," speaking to Wilson, "the minute you looked in the door, but I had started to get shaved and there was no use to stop. After being put in a cell he said: 'I don't want to talk with anyone. I have nothing to say.'"

"You certainly can have no objection to telling me what you are doing or when you come to Reno," queried the Associated Press reporter.

"No, not particularly. I left Miller shortly after we made our escape from Folsom, and I have not seen him since. I came to Truckee Saturday night and was there about twenty hours. I came to Reno on a freight train last night and was in town when Murphy was captured, but Miller was not. I don't know the route I took to reach Truckee, as I am a stranger."

"You look like you had had plenty to eat and had not a very hard time," suggested the reporter.

"Oh, I have lived all right, but the grub here is pretty bum," said he.

Wanted to See Murphy.

He asked Deputy Sheriff Maxwell to let Murphy occupy the same cell with him. "For," he said, "you should treat me well as long as I live. I know that hanging awaits me, and it cannot possibly do any harm to let me see Murphy."

"How came you to go into a barber shop this morning?" inquired the reporter.

"Well, I left as though I wanted a shave, and went in and took it. That's all I care to say now," said Woods, and his bright and cold gray eyes sought the floor, as if he had said too much already.

Joseph Murphy was comfortably seated in his cell in the county jail this morning. He was not permitted to talk with him. He said:

Murphy's Story.

"I am tired out from a hard trip and came to town to rest up. I knew it was foolish, but we decided to take the chance. I put my gun inside of my overalls before I came to town, and I got out of sight. Sheriff Maxwell took an awful chance, as I tried to get my gun, but he was too quick for me and too strong when he took my gun. I was taking no chances and would have certainly killed him if I had been a moment slower."

"When Sharkey fired I thought Miller was killed. You all know that Miller has been with me. I met him at Lake Tahoe. When Maxwell opened up I thought at first he was shooting at me, and told him then he was a bad shot. But I think his second bullet hit Miller. I have had a hard trip all the way through. The first week out only had one sleeping place, and the food has been scarce all the time. I quit the gang three weeks ago and struck out alone. It was hard traveling and I was glad when I came to Lake Tahoe. I was with Miller and together last Saturday and spent the day there. We drank at the bar and were with the officers of the town."

Officers Were Easy.

"I remember one fat fellow, a deputy constable, who pointed out to me in a saloon. One officer talked with me and he must have been 'on,' as we couldn't disguise ourselves. We got to Ophir Sunday morning and from there kept going to Steamboat. We took the train there and rode one stop, to Huffakers, and as we were getting into town we left the train. Craig has crossed over and the food has been scarce all the time. I quit the gang three weeks ago and struck out alone. It was hard traveling and I was glad when I came to Lake Tahoe. I was with Miller and together last Saturday and spent the day there. We drank at the bar and were with the officers of the town."

ST. LOUIS STREET CAR GOT BEYOND CONTROL

St. Louis, Mo., Aug. 24.—A Chester Grove street car that got beyond control today ran down an ambulance, an ice wagon and a dirt wagon and injured three drivers. The ambulance was struck first and the driver, Fred Green, thrown to the street and severely bruised. He righted his vehicle and continued his journey, coming upon the overturned ice wagon and driver James McAlevy severely injured, but McAlevy would not go to the hospital. Some distance away the ambulance came upon the overturned dirt wagon and driver Jesse Carter lying unconscious. He was placed in the ambulance and taken to the hospital, where he was found to be seriously injured.

EXPLOSION OF GAS.

St. Louis, Aug. 24.—While railroad men were engaged in trying to place a derailed freight car on the track near Union Station early today, a torch was accidentally brought in contact with a bursted pipe from which gas was escaping, resulting in an explosion that will probably cause the death of Engineer L. Bouquette and seriously injured Switchman J. Hardin and B. J. Hunt. The men were thrown high into the air by the explosion and the derailed car, loaded with wheat, was destroyed by the fire which followed.

JOHN BULL'S ERROR.

Contest in the Buckeye State Is Growing Exciting.

CONVENTION MEETS TODAY

ALL DEPENDS UPON SETTLEMENT OF CONTESTS.

COLUMBUS, O., Aug. 24.—The contest between Mayor Tom Johnson of Cleveland and John L. Zimmerman of Springfield for the Democratic gubernatorial nomination, although within twenty-four hours of decisive action, is tonight as much disputed as ever. At the headquarters of each candidate the most confident claims are being made. Following the withdrawal of Bookwalter, the Johnson candidate for senator, the Zimmerman men inaugurated a raid on the Johnson ranks, claiming that the instructions in favor of Johnson for governor applied only to the balloting on Wednesday and not to the selection tomorrow of members of the committee on credentials, resolutions, etc. The Johnson men met this charge by saying it was a confession of weakness and insisted that the instructions applied to the entire organization of the convention.

Many Contested Seats.

It is still conceded that the one securing a majority of the committee on credentials tomorrow afternoon will on the following day be nominated for governor, as there are 145 seats out of the 500 contested, and neither candidate can win without having all his delegates seated.

The Zimmerman men are also making desperate efforts to make a break in the Johnson ranks because of the endorsement of John H. "Jack" of Cleveland in place of Bookwalter, and in this matter they have caused the Johnson managers some trouble. One of the Zimmerman headquarters given out from the Zimmerman men today was that Johnson first failed to get Melville E. Ingalls of Cincinnati to go on his slate for senator, then Major Samuel M. Jones of Toledo likewise declined and now Bookwalter has refused.

Free Silver Element.

Some of the free silver enthusiasts, who are instructed for Johnson for governor, are also being instructed against Clarke for senator and the indications are that this opposition will be carried to the floor of the convention if the committee on resolutions in its report the endorsement of Clarke.

The Zimmerman men favor a conservative platform, such as the party had in 1910 four years ago, when John R. McLean headed the Democratic ticket for Governor, with additions for home rule, denouncing the new Ohio code and favoring reforms in state institutions. The Zimmerman men declare for the reaffirmation of last year's platform, when Johnson had undisputed control of the state convention, with per mile on steam railways and three cent fares on street railroads, and the referendum.

The Platform, as well as the ticket

and the organization for the next year, everything else depends upon the settlement of the contested seats, and the place of greatest importance on this occasion are those representing the free silver element on the committee on resolutions.

There was a break in the Johnson lines tonight on the choice for a senator. The Zimmerman men, called on George H. Saltzberger, temporary chairman of the contest, to support his support for senator. Saltzberger has served several years as state senator and is the prospective candidate for congress in the Fifth district.

ENDORSEMENT OF SENATOR.

Johnson Will Insist That Such Action Be Taken.

Cleveland, Aug. 24.—Regarding the possibility of the non-endorsement of a candidate by the Democratic state senate by the Democratic state convention at Columbus, Mayor Johnson said tonight that he would not support any candidate for senator who refused to make such endorsement. He said that he would not support any candidate for senator who refused to make such endorsement. He said that he would not support any candidate for senator who refused to make such endorsement.

MAXWELL BOOMING OGDEN CONVENTION

Portland, Ore., Aug. 24.—At the Commercial club this evening a reception was tendered to George H. Maxwell, executive chairman of the National Irrigation association. His address strongly brought out the great possibilities for the development of the irrigation of the Ogden region. The convention was held in the Commercial club this evening. Maxwell was executive chairman of the National Irrigation association. His address strongly brought out the great possibilities for the development of the irrigation of the Ogden region.

CANAL QUESTION BURIED

Colombian Congress Busy Discussing Other Matters.

Colo., Aug. 24.—It is supposed here that the Colombian congress is now discussing the other questions for the consideration of which it was convened, viz., the financial situation of the country and the matter of withdrawing and redeeming the paper money. Congress already has approved the construction of a railroad from Medellin to the Magdalena river. The railroad will export goods across Venezuelan territory. The congress is busy discussing other matters.

CHARGES AGAINST MARSHAL COLBERT

Washington, Aug. 24.—Charges said to have been made by P. Ellis Fox, editor of a newspaper at Ardmore, Pa., have been forwarded to the department of justice against Benjamin H. Colbert, United States marshal for the southern district of the territory. The charges include the alleged use of his position for the furtherance of political ends; allegations that during a gubernatorial election of the Chickasaw nation he took prisoners out of the federal jail in order to have them vote for his candidate for governor; that he is continuously absenting himself from sessions of his court in order to attend to private business; and that he is a director in an Indian land company, whose operations work to the disadvantage of the Indians.

SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH, TUESDAY, AUGUST 25, 1903

JOHN BULL'S ERROR.



"MAGNIFICENT SUNRISE, EH, UNCLE SAM?"
"YOU MEAN 'SUNSET', JOHN."

ESCAPE WAS CUT OFF

Scores of People Caught in a
Burning Building at Budapest, Hungary.

Budapest, Hungary, Aug. 24.—Fire started this evening in a four-story building, the two lower stories of which were occupied by a fancy goods firm, the upper floors being residential flats. There were 200 work people in the building, and the escape of many of them, and of the residents of the third and fourth stories, was cut off by the flames. The fire is still burning furiously and it is impossible as yet to ascertain the number of victims.

The warehouse contained piles of flimsy material, and the flames spread with frightful rapidity and soon reached the residential floors. Only the work people near the doors below were able to effect their escape. The residents above, seeing their escape cut off, clung desperately to the windows, screaming for help. The firemen, sent to the building, were unable to reach the top of the building, and eight others fatally and two seriously injured.

It is now stated that between forty and fifty persons were burned to death, including Herr Goldberg's wife and son. The police announce that by jumping from the windows thirteen persons were killed and sixteen injured, nine seriously.

The damage is estimated at 1,000,000 kronen, mostly covered by insurance.

WAGNER FAM LY AND THE KATSER AT OUTS

Berlin, Aug. 24.—The refusal of the West German states to participate in the Wagner family at the unveiling of the Wagner monument in Berlin on Oct. 1 and in the musical congress incidental thereto was due to the fact that the emperor declined to accept the programme offered by the Wagner family. The emperor's refusal was due to the fact that the emperor declined to accept the programme offered by the Wagner family.

The Wagner family, consisting of the emperor and his family, were at the unveiling of the Wagner monument in Berlin on Oct. 1 and in the musical congress incidental thereto. The emperor's refusal was due to the fact that the emperor declined to accept the programme offered by the Wagner family.

LOST HIS POSITION FOR WORKING A GRAFT

Phoenix, Ariz., Aug. 24.—W. E. Murphy, chief clerk in the office of the superior court of Arizona, has been relieved upon telegraphic instructions from Washington, and has been succeeded by George Armstrong formerly in the draughting department. The removal is the result of an investigation by a special agent of charges that Murphy was claiming double fees for certain work, claiming that the government did not supply funds to keep up with the work and an extra charge was necessary to pay the clerks' overtime for services in connection with the applications for patents on mineral lands.

JUNKETERS IN PORTLAND.
Portland, Ore., Aug. 24.—Twelve citizens of Salt Lake City arrived here today in a special car over the Oregon Railroad & Navigation line, as the guests of the Oregon Short Line. The party will make a trip to the ocean beach and to the mouth of the Columbia river, and before returning home will visit the Puget sound country.

SO THAT ALL MAY KNOW

Many were the words of commendation bestowed on The Herald for its enterprise in showing the yacht race in miniature, together with the bulletin service. THEY GO AGAIN TODAY. Be sure and see the miniature boats sail the course—just like the big ones. For convenience, the course will be laid off in three legs of ten miles each, starting at The Herald office and finishing at Auerbach's store.

LAST EDITION
WEATHER FOR SALT LAKE.
Fair, warmer.

PRICE FIVE CENTS.

ANOTHER TRIAL FOR SHAMROCK

Today's Race Will Be 30 Miles
Over Triangular Course.

WEATHER CONDITIONS GOOD

TIME ALLOWANCE HAS NOT
BEEN CHANGED.

NEW YORK, Aug. 24.—The Shamrock III was remeasured at the dry dock in Erie basin early today after taking on board her cable and anchor as required by the rules affecting the measurement of the cup yacht. Sir Thomas Lipton was on board. The measurement was taken by Charles D. Mower, official measurer of the New York yacht club, and watched by Mr. Fife, representing Shamrock III and by Secretary Carmack, representing the New York yacht club. When the measurement was completed, Sir Thomas Lipton said that he had been informed by Mr. Mower that Shamrock III's racing rank had not been affected and that it would be unchanged. It is presumed that sufficient weight was removed to equalize the weight of the anchor and cable.

The Reliance was taken out for a sail at 10 o'clock this morning.

"The cup is never won until the better boat has taken three races," said C. Oliver Iselin today, just before getting aboard the Reliance. Asked whether he thought the measurement of the Shamrock could have any effect on the future races, he said:

"I know no more about that than you do. The fact is that attention was called to the matter of the absence of the anchor and chain not so much on account of its effect on any racing, as to follow absolutely the rules. Sir Thomas would have felt it more keenly if the issue had been raised after he had won a race."

Mr. Iselin would not discuss the race of Saturday or the criticism raised concerning the sailing of the Shamrock further than to say:

"Both boats were well handled."

The bay inside the Reliance was comparatively deserted today except for the presence of the Reliance and her crew. The wind was from the north and east, and not strong enough to get the boats over the course in time had it been a race day. Reliance stood out beyond the hook with her mainsail, club topsail, jib and staysail set. She tacked out to windward evidently stretching her sails. After she had been out for some time the jib was hauled in and it was evident that the boat was out for the purpose of trying some new sails.

In tomorrow's race Shamrock III will carry a new mainsail. The new sail was bent on to the spars today after the challenger had reached her anchorage. The new sail is Ratsey's, and Sir Thomas Lipton and Captain Wringe agree that the change is made not because the other mainsail was inadequate, but that the new sail, which has been tried before and found a good one, may be better in the style of racing to be followed than the other one. The new mainsail when fully stretched is better than the old one.

To an Associated Press correspondent, Sir Thomas Lipton said:

"The remeasurement was simply a matter of form, so that every portion of the conditions under which the race is made would be complied with. It was the simplest thing in the world to add the anchor and chain and take out the same amount of our lead ballast, or to leave on the lead and remove the anchor and chain. Tell me what difference it is, will you? Mind you, I'm not finding fault, but simply a query as to what was gained by the remeasurement."

With a smile, and pointing to a bunch of telegrams on the table, he said:

"I see I am accredited with being despondent and unhappy over Saturday's race. Well, I know that I am not at all willing to concede Reliance is a winner. My boat will make a good show yet. I also want to understand that I have not criticized Captain Wringe's sailing of the Shamrock II on Saturday."

The Shamrock III did not go out after returning from New York. The Reliance's crew watched her as she sailed. The Shamrock's men at work on their new sail. The Reliance will go out tomorrow with a new jib, but otherwise in the same trim as the first day.

TRIFLING DIFFERENCE.

Official Statement of the Result of Remeasurement.

New York, Aug. 24.—After having demolished 1,000 pounds of ballast and taken on a new mainsail, the Shamrock III was weighed in a dry dock in Erie basin today. The result was a trifling difference in the time allowance of one minute and fifty-seven seconds which the Shamrock III was to receive as a challenger was just three one-hundredths of a foot shorter than before the change and the difference was not enough to make a second's increase or decrease in her time allowance. Her lead water line length was 28.75 feet and her racing length 194.75.

A new main boom measured today was no longer than the old one.

GERMAN SERGEANT ARRAIGNED IN COURT

Halle, Prussian Saxony, Aug. 24.—Sergeant Wilhelm Neubing of the first company of the Thirty-first infantry regiment has been arraigned in court on a charge of maltreatment of the soldiers under him. He was charged with beating the soldiers and with having committed brutalities also are charged against him. When in a bad temper he would tear the buttons from the soldiers' uniforms and compel them to sew them on again. He forced the soldiers to go through rifle drill on their heads and knees until they were exhausted, and on other occasions he made them take rifles in their mouths and crawl around on all fours. The court took the case under advisement and called for additional testimony.

ONCE STATIONED HERE.

Butte, Mont., Aug. 24.—A Helena special says that the following orders from the war department have been received at Fort Harrison, announcing various promotions:

Colonel Mattie, who was retired as a brigadier general last week, is succeeded as colonel of the Twenty-fourth infantry by Colonel James A. Buchanan, who has been lieutenant colonel of the Eleventh infantry. The new commander is from San Juan, Porto Rico, where his regiment has been stationed on garrison duty.

LOOK UP AND SEE HOW THE RACE IS GOING!

Many were the words of commendation bestowed on The Herald for its enterprise in showing the yacht race in miniature, together with the bulletin service. THEY GO AGAIN TODAY. Be sure and see the miniature boats sail the course—just like the big ones. For convenience, the course will be laid off in three legs of ten miles each, starting at The Herald office and finishing at Auerbach's store.

THREATS OF LYNCHING DIED WHILE READING

Chicago Colored Christians Get Sudden Summons to A. C. Cleveland, Prominent Cattle Raiser of Nevada.

Chicago, Aug. 24.—To prevent a possible lynching, a Chicago colored man and woman were suddenly summoned to A. C. Cleveland, a prominent cattle raiser of Nevada, at Batavia, Ill. The man and woman were summoned to A. C. Cleveland, a prominent cattle raiser of Nevada, at Batavia, Ill. The man and woman were summoned to A. C. Cleveland, a prominent cattle raiser of Nevada, at Batavia, Ill.

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KILLED WOMEN AND CHILDREN

Turks Massacred the Inhabitants
of Twenty-two Villages.

INSURGENTS' BLOODY WORK

ENTIRE GARRISON BUTCHERED
AT VASILIKO.

Sofia, Aug. 24.—Travelers who arrived here this evening from Adrianople state that a massacre of Christians occurred there Sunday. One veteran Bulgarian guard in one of the forts opened fire on an insurgent band which had attacked a military outpost. A panic followed inside the fortress, and the Mohammedan population fell upon the Christians.

Sofia, Bulgaria, Aug. 24.—The Turks are reported to have massacred all the women and children in twenty-two villages of the districts of Florina and Monastir and afterwards to have burned the villages. They are also alleged to have killed a number of prisoners. The streets of Krushevo were said to be strewn with dead, and the survivors are afraid to bury the bodies, fearing to incur the suspicion of the Turks.

Following the proclamation of the revolution throughout the vilayet of Adrianople, the insurgents cut all the telegraph lines connecting the city of Adrianople with the eastern parts of the vilayet.

There are unconfirmed rumors here that fighting and massacres are proceeding in the streets of Adrianople.

Horrible Details.

Reports from Monastir, authenticated by the Russian and Austrian consuls, give horrible details of the massacres and atrocities. At the village of Armenko the Turks destroyed 154 houses out of a total of 157 and massacred every man, woman and child. The women were subjected to the most terrible atrocities by the soldiers. Eight revolutionaries, captured at Krushevo, who were sent in the direction of the village, were slaughtered by their guards. The sanitary conditions of Krushevo are revolting. The dead are lying in the streets, stripped of every garment, the Turks even taking the vestments of the body of a priest.

War to the Knife.

Anarchy exists at Losenegrad. Fighting is proceeding everywhere in the neighborhood. Insurgent bands have occupied the strategic points around the town. Eight villages to the north of Losenegrad have been burned by Basil-Bazouk. The insurgents attacked Turkish posts in the vicinity of the same village. The Turkish garrison, consisting of sixty soldiers and one officer, at Almogio sixty insurgents engaged in fighting with 200 Basil-Bazouks. The result is not known.

The town of Bunar Hissar has been burned and a new insurrection. The population was massacred. The rest of the Bulgarians fled to the mountains.

At Burgas, after a fifteen hours' fighting, the garrison was killed by rebels, who also destroyed the garrisons of Silikhor and Kalofer.

Many Turks Slain.

At Kalcunio the insurgents killed fifty-seven Turks and fifteen were killed at Kukulio. In the insurgent bands, the outbreaks are reported from the vicinity of Kresna, where serious fighting has been going on for some time.

The Macedonian organizations in Sofia and throughout Bulgaria are busily engaged trying to hold their breath on the border.

It is said that the rival committees have buried their differences and are now working in harmony, confident that the rich Bulgarians, who have hitherto withheld their contributions in accordance with their committees' dissensions, will now give liberally.

The Macedonian leaders admit that the insurrection in the vilayet of Monastir is practically a failure. They are disappointed in their hopes on the transfer of active operations to the territory near the Bulgarian frontier. They are, however, as they assert, eastern Macedonia will be in full revolt and then the Bulgarian government will be forced to take action.

HORROR FOLLOWS HORROR.

Situation in Macedonia Fast Becoming Intolerable.

Sofia, Aug. 24.—With the rumors of massacres and the murder of prisoners in Monastir now authenticated, the general situation is becoming more and more intolerable. Official and diplomatic circles alike are concerned, having every reason to fear that a part of the horrors enacted in the interior of Macedonia have not come to light as yet.

The revolutionary committees are doing their utmost to force the hands of the Bulgarian government and the immediate outlook is exceedingly serious.

It appears that the Turks have obtained the upper hand in the vilayet of Monastir and are threatening to plan to remove the center of their activity close to the Bulgarian frontier. Dispatches arriving today from the disturbed area are exceedingly gloomy. From Adrianople comes the news of a Turkish defeat and the extension of the revolutionary outbreak; from Monastir comes the news of a Turkish victory accompanied by barbarous excesses.

While many of the reports remain without confirmation, sufficient authentic details are forthcoming to cause the authorities the gravest anxiety. According to the Sofia Dnevnik, the Turks committed unspeakable atrocities at Krushevo.

The mutilated corpses of ninety women and children were found in one building; pieces of the bodies had been thrown into the street. Fifteen of the principal merchants of the town were killed and their heads exhibited on poles at Monastir. The churches were demolished, the houses sacked and the towns are now a heap of ashes. The population fled to the hills, where they are in a starving condition. The Dnevnik also asserts that a general massacre has taken place in the whole vilayet of Monastir. Nearly all the villages have been destroyed. The treacherous murder of eighty insurgent prisoners by their guards has made an especially bad impression here.

Many rumors are current of massacres in the city of Adrianople, but confirmation is lacking. The situation there undoubtedly is serious, and the population is afraid to leave the houses. The prisons are full and the walls have taken private houses to be used as jails. When the Russian consul protested at the situation, the wall is reported to have answered that he was powerless against the fanatical population.

SLAUGHTER AT VASILIKO.

Entire Garrison Slain and 100 of the Inhabitants.

Constantinople, Aug. 24.—According to Turkish advices, when the insurgents captured Vasiliko, they killed the garrison, consisting of fifty soldiers, and about 100 of the inhabitants. The